



text it **EASY**

This material has been adapted into easy-to-read text as part of the Text it Easy project, cofunded by the European Union. This publication reflects the views only of the author, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information

Universal access to education: We can do better

Education is a fundamental human right. Yet millions of children and adults remain deprived of educational opportunities.

Linda Klaassen

UNESCO

The Covid-19 pandemic affected the most vulnerable and marginalized people.

At the height of the crisis, 1.6 billion schoolchildren were affected, as most of the world's schools were

The pandemic has increased inequalities and could wipe out decades of progress.

UNESCO estimates that 24 million children and young people are at risk of dropping out of school due to the economic effects of the pandemic. Girls and women are particularly impacted.

131.7 million girls do not go to school, and two-thirds of the 773 million adults who cannot read or write are women. Because of the pandemic, 11 million girls are at risk of never returning to school.

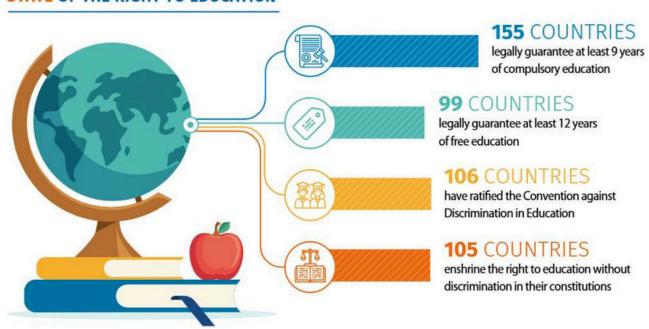
Girls aged 12 to 17 are most at risk of dropping out of school in poor countries.

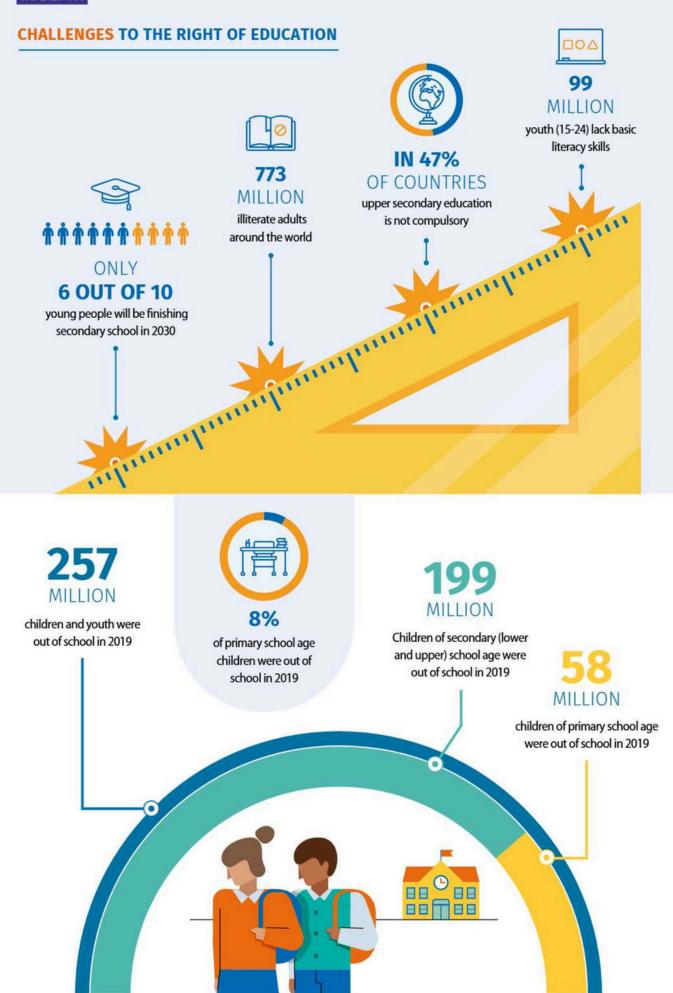
This situation is worrying, because education is so important. It helps poor children and adults to escape poverty and function better in society.

Source : Guidelines to strengthen the right to education in national frameworks, UNESCO, 2021. #HerEducationOurFuture: Keeping girls in the picture during and after the Covid-19 crisis, 2021.

WHAT THE RIGHT TO EDUCATION REALLY IMPLIES

STATE OF THE RIGHT TO EDUCATION

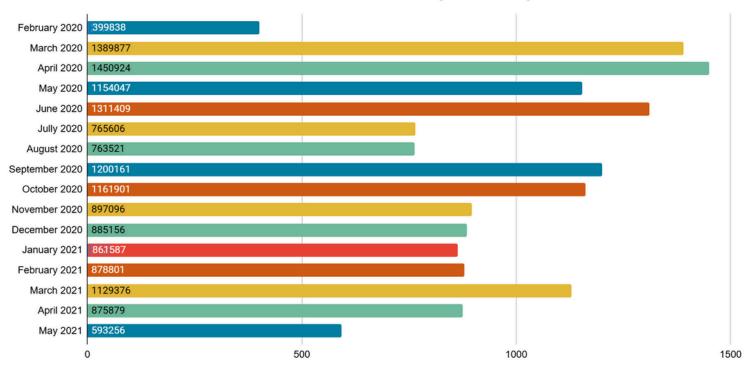




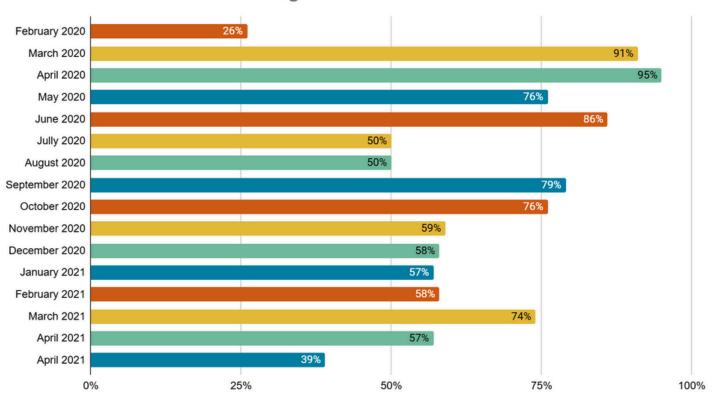
EDUCATION: FROM DISRUPTION TO RECOVERY

IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON EDUCATION: MONITORING OF SCHOOL CLOSURES

Number of students affected (thousands)



Percentage of students affected



GENDER EQUALITY: WHERE ARE WE TODAY?



Most developing regions have achieved **gender parity** in primary

education.

However, in many countries, gender disparities are widening in secondary and higher education.



70 YOUNG WOMEN

compared to

100 YOUNG MEN

complete upper secondary education in low-income countries.

20% MORE INCOME

For an adult girl, just one additional year of schooling can result in an increase in income of up to 20%.

TEENAGER PREGNANCY

10% of girls under the age of 17 would not have early pregnancies in sub-Saharan Africa and South Asia if they all received a primary education.

Some countries lose more

THAN A BILLION **DOLLARS A YEAR**

by not educating girls to the same level as boys.

GIRLS MUST RETURN TO SCHOOL



More than 11 MILLION GIRLS are at risk of not returning to school

Up to **130 MILLION GIRLS** were not in school before the Covid-19 crisis

LET'S NOT ALLOW COVID-19 TO THREATEN GIRLS' FUTURES!

